

Provider Education

Childhood and Adolescent Immunizations (CIS/IMA)

Guidelines for Billing Childhood and Adolescent Immunizations:

		Procedure	CPT [♦]	HCPCS [♦]	ICD-10-CM Diagnosis [♦]
Childhood Immunizations - Combo 10 (on or before a child's second birthday)	Childhood Immunizations - Combo 3 (on or before a child's second birthday)	DTaP (4-dose)	90698, 90700, 90723	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
		IPV (3-dose)	90698, 90713, 90723	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
		MMR (1-dose)	90707, 90710	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
		Hib (3-dose)	90644, 90647, 90648, 90698, 90748	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
		Hepatitis B (3-dose)	90723, 90740, 90744, 90747, 90748	G0010	B16.0, B16.1, B16.2, B16.9, B17.0, B18.0, B18.1
		VZV (1-dose)	90710, 90716	Not Applicable	B01.0, B01.11-12, B01.2, B01.81, B01.89, B01.9, B02.0, B02.1, B02.21-24, B02.29-34, B02.39, B02.7-9
		PCV (4-dose)	90670	G0009	Not Applicable
		HepA (1-dose)	90633	Not Applicable	B15.0, B15.9
		RV (2 dose or 3 dose)	90681, 90680	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
		Flu (2 dose)	90655, 90657, 90661, 90673, 90685-90689, 90660, 90672	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Immunizations for Adolescents

Procedure	CPT [♦]	Time Frame
Tdap	90715	Between a child's 10th and 13th birthdays
Meningococcal	90734	Between a child's 11th and 13th birthdays
HPV (2-dose or 3-dose) [^]	90649, 90650, 90651	Between a child's ninth and 13th birthdays

Incentive Amounts*

Medicaid	Target 1 Rate	Target 1 Incentive	Target 2 Rate	Target 2 Incentive	Target 3 Rate	Target 3 Incentive	Total Maximum
Combo 3	61.07%	\$10	71.05%	\$15	76.60%	\$20	\$20
Combo 10	26.03%	\$15	37.47%	\$22.50	47.20%	\$30	\$30
HPV	28.10%	\$15	38.93%	\$22.50	48.20%	\$30	\$30

Immunization Tips

- Try to complete immunizations at scheduled well-exams to reduce the number of appointments
- Educate parents or guardians on the diseases that are prevented with immunizations
- Recommend an annual flu vaccine during flu season and discuss how this reduces the risk of contracting influenza and spreading it to others
- Set up a "drive-up" vaccination clinic, scheduling smaller appointment windows for patients to receive vaccinations in their cars or the parking lot

Rotavirus Talking Points

- Rotavirus is the leading cause of severe diarrhea in young children worldwide. This virus also causes gastroenteritis (inflammation of the stomach and intestines).
- The Rotavirus vaccination series needs to be completed before a child is eight months old. There are two different types of vaccine products:

	RV5 (RotaTeq®) = Three Doses	RV1 (ROTARIX®) = Two Doses
Number of doses in series	3	2
Recommended ages for doses	2, 4, and 6 months	2 and 4 months
Minimum age for first dose	6 weeks	
Maximum age for first dose	14 weeks, 6 days	
Minimum interval between doses	4 weeks	
Maximum age for last dose	8 months, 0 days	

If any dose in the series was RV5 or the product is unknown for any dose in the series, a total of three doses should be given.

The following vaccine combinations can be completed:

- Two doses of the two-dose vaccine
- One dose of the two-dose vaccine and two doses of the three-dose vaccine
- Three doses of the three-dose vaccine

Complete the rotavirus series with the same product (RV5 or RV1) whenever possible.

Vaccination should not be deferred if the product used for previous doses is not available or unknown.

Immunization	CPT [♦]
Rotavirus (two-dose schedule)	90681
Rotavirus (three-dose schedule)	90680

HPV Talking Points

Discussing sensitive topics such as HPV may be uncomfortable for providers, adolescents, and their parents or guardians. The key to a successful conversation about the necessary screenings is empathetic communication and a focus on prevention.


Here are some tips to help promote HPV vaccinations:


- Provide parents or guardians with fact sheets about why their child needs this important service
“The HPV vaccination is preventive. Although your child is not currently sexually active, it is important to receive the HPV vaccinations now to prevent your child from getting HPV in the **future**.”
- Express your personal support for vaccinations and share experiences you’ve had with vaccine-preventable diseases
- Provide factual information in an understandable way that addresses the specific concerns or misconceptions the parent has about the screening or vaccination
- Display brochures throughout the office in areas that may be easily accessed by patients, parents and/or guardians. These brochures should include facts about important screenings and services including: HPV, STI testing, cervical cancer screenings, and birth control
- Encourage family discussion about these topics in the waiting room by displaying age-appropriate immunization and screening posters

[♦]Codes listed are specific to the subject matter of this flyer. While MeridianHealth encourages you to use these codes in association with the subject matter of this flyer, MeridianHealth recognizes that the circumstances around the services provided may not always directly support/match the codes. It is crucial that the medical record documentation describes the services rendered in order to support the medical necessity and use of these codes.

[^]Three HPV vaccines with different dates of service on or between the member’s ninth and 13th birthdays or two HPV vaccines with different dates of service on or between the member’s ninth and 13th birthdays. For the two-dose vaccines, there must be at least 146 days between the first and second dose of the HPV vaccine. For example, if the service date for the first vaccine was March 1, then the service date for the second vaccine must be after July 25.

^{*}Incentive program terms are subject to change at MeridianHealth’s discretion. MeridianHealth will notify providers of any changes or incentive program alterations.

 If you have any questions, call MeridianHealth at: **866-606-3700**

 Medical records may be faxed to: **833-702-2523**