

Clinical Policy: Adalimumab (Humira), Adalimumab-atto (Amjevita), Adalimumab-adbm (Cyltezo), Adalimumab-bwwd (Hadlima), Adalimumabadaz (Hyrimoz), Adalimumab-aacf (Idacio), Adalimumab-aaty (Yuflyma), Adalimumab-aqvh (Yusimry)

Reference Number: MDN.CP.PHAR.242 Effective Date: 04.01.22 Last Review Date: 7.26.23 Line of Business: Meridian IL Medicaid

Coding Implications Revision Log

See <u>Important Reminder</u> at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description

Adalimumab (Humira[®]), adalimumab-atto (AmjevitaTM), adalimumab-adbm (CyltezoTM), adalimumab-bwwd (HadlimaTM), adalimumab-adaz (HyrimozTM), and adalimumab-aacf (Idacio[®]), adalimumab-aaty (Yuflyma[®]), and adalimumab-aqvh (Yusimry[™]) are tumor necrosis factor (TNF) blockers.

Indications	Description	Humira	Abrilada, Amjevita, Cyltezo/adalimumab- adbm, Hadlima, Hulio/ adalimumab-fkjp, Hyrimoz/adalimumab- adaz, Idacio, Simlandi, Yuflyma, Yusimry
Rheumatoid arthritis (RA)	Reducing signs and symptoms, inducing major clinical response, inhibiting the progression of structural damage, and improving physical function in adult patients with moderately to severely active RA	х	Х
Juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA)	Reducing signs and symptoms of moderately to severely active polyarticular JIA in patients 2 years of age and older	x	Х
Psoriatic arthritis (PsA)	Reducing signs and symptoms, inhibiting the progression of structural damage, and improving physical function in adult patients with active PsA	x	Х
Ankylosing spondylitis (AS)	Reducing signs and symptoms in adult patients with active AS	X	Х

FDA Approved Indication(s)

M meridian

Indications	Description	Humira	Abrilada, Amjevita, Cyltezo/adalimumab- adbm, Hadlima, Hulio/ adalimumab-fkjp, Hyrimoz/adalimumab- adaz, Idacio, Simlandi, Yuflyma, Yusimry
Crohn's disease (CD)	Treatment of moderately to severely active CD in adults and pediatric patients 6 years of age and older	х	Х
Adult ulcerative colitis (UC)	Treatment of moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis in adult patients <u>Limitation of use:</u> Effectiveness has not been established in patients who have	Х	Х
	lost response to or were intolerant to TNF blockers		
Pediatric UC	Treatment of moderately to severely active UC in pediatric patients 5 years of age and older <u>Limitation of use:</u> Effectiveness has not	х	_
	been established in patients who have lost response to or were intolerant to TNF blockers		
Plaque psoriasis (PsO)	The treatment of adult patients with moderate to severe chronic plaque psoriasis who are candidates for systemic therapy or phototherapy, and when other systemic therapies are medically less appropriate	Х	Х
Pediatric hidradenitis suppurativa (HS)	The treatment of moderate to severe hidradenitis suppurativa in patients 12 years of age and older	Х	—
Adult HS	The treatment of moderate to severe hiradenitis suppurativa in adult patients	Х	Х
Pediatric uveitis (UV)	The treatment of non-infectious intermediate, posterior and panuveitis in adults and pediatric patients 2 years of age and older	Х	_
Adult UV	The treatment of non-infectious intermediate, posterior, and panuveitis in adult patients	Х	Х



Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation[®] that Humira, Amjevita, Cyltezo, Hadlima, Hyrimoz, Idacio, Yuflyma, and Yusimry are **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

A. Ankylosing Spondylitis (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of AS;
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a rheumatologist;
- 3. Age \geq 18 years;
- 4. Request is for Humira®

5. Failure of at least TWO NSAIDs at up to maximally indicated doses, each used for ≥ 4 weeks unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;

6. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);

7. Dose does not exceed 40 mg every other week.

Approval duration: 6 months

B. Crohn's Disease (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of CD;
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist;
- 3. Request is for Humira®
- 4. Age \geq 6 years;
- 5. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Failure of a ≥ 3 consecutive month trial of at least ONE immunomodulator (e.g., azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine [6-MP], MTX) at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
 - b. Medical justification supports inability to use immunomodulators (*see Appendix E*);
- 6. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);
- 7. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Adults: 160 mg on Day 1 and 80 mg on Day 15, followed by maintenance dose of 40 mg every other week starting Day 29;
 - b. Pediatrics (i or ii):



- Weight 17 kg (37 lbs.) to < 40 kg (88 lbs.): 80 mg on Day 1 and 40 mg on Day 15, followed by maintenance dose of 20 mg every other week starting Day 29;
- ii. Weight ≥ 40 kg (88 lbs): 160 mg on Day 1 and 80 mg on Day 15, followed by maintenance dose of 40 mg every other week starting Day 29.

Approval duration: 6 months

C. Hidradenitis Suppurativa (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of HS;
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist, rheumatologist, or gastroenterologist;
- 3. Request is for Humira®
- 4. Age \geq 12 years;
- 5. Documentation of Hurley stage II or stage III (see Appendix D);
- 6. Failure of at least TWO of the following, each tried for \geq 3 consecutive months from different therapeutic classes, at up to maximally indicated doses, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated:
 - a. Systemic antibiotic therapy (e.g., clindamycin, minocycline, doxycycline, rifampin);
 - b. Oral retinoids (e.g., , isotretinoin);
 - c. Hormonal treatment (e.g., estrogen-containing combined oral contraceptives, spironolactone);
- 7. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);
- 8. Dose does not exceed 160 mg on Day 1 and 80 mg on Day 15, followed by maintenance dose of 40 mg every week starting Day 29.

Approval duration: 6 months

- **D. Plaque Psoriasis** (must meet all):
 - 1. Diagnosis of moderate-to-severe PsO as evidenced by involvement of one of the following (a or b):
 - a. \geq 3% of total body surface area;
 - b. Hands, feet, scalp, face, or genital area;
 - 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist or rheumatologist;
 - 3. Request is for Humira®
 - 4. Age \geq 18 years;
 - 5. Member meets one of the following (a,b, or c):
 - a. Failure of $a \ge 3$ consecutive month trial of MTX at up to maximally indicated doses;
 - b. Member has intolerance or contraindication to MTX (*see Appendix D*), and failure of $a \ge 3$ consecutive month trial of cyclosporine at up to maximally indicated doses, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or both are contraindicated;



c. Member has intolerance or contraindication to MTX, cyclosporine, and failure of phototherapy, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;

6. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);

7. Dose does not exceed 80 mg initial dose, followed by maintenance dose of 40 mg every other week starting one week after initial dose.

Approval duration: 6 months

E. Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of PJIA as evidenced by \geq 5 joints with active arthritis;
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a rheumatologist;
- 3. Request is for Humira®
- 4. Age \geq 2 years;
- 5. Documented baseline 10-joint clinical juvenile arthritis disease activity score (cJADAS-10) (*see Appendix J*);
- 6. Member meets one of the following (a, b, c, or d):
 - a. Failure of $a \ge 3$ consecutive month trial of MTX at up to maximally indicated doses;
 - b. Member has intolerance or contraindication to MTX (*see Appendix D*), and failure of $a \ge 3$ consecutive month trial of leflunomide or sulfasalazine at up to maximally indicated doses, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or both are contraindicated;
 - c. For sacroiliitis/axial spine involvement (i.e., spine, hip), failure of a ? 4 week trial of an NSAID at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
 - d. Documented presence of high disease activity as evidenced by a cJADAS-10 > 8.5 (*see Appendix J*);
- 7. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a, b, or c):
 - a. Weight 10 kg (22 lbs) to <15 kg (33 lbs): 10 mg every other week;
 - b. Weight 15 kg (33 lbs) to < 30 kg (66 lbs): 20 mg every other week;
 - c. Weight \ge 30 kg (66 lbs): 40 mg every other week.

Approval duration: 6 months

F. Psoriatic Arthritis (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of PsA;
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist or rheumatologist;
- 3. Request is for Humira®
- 4. Age \geq 18 years;
- 5. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying

antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);

6. Dose does not exceed 40 mg every other week.

Approval duration: 6 months

G. Rheumatoid Arthritis (must meet all):



- 1. Diagnosis of RA per American College of Rheumatology (ACR) criteria (*see Appendix G*);
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a rheumatologist;
- 3. Request is for Humira®
- 4. Age \geq 18 years;
- 5. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Failure of $a \ge 3$ consecutive month trial of MTX at up to maximally indicated doses;
 - b. Member has intolerance or contraindication to MTX (*see Appendix D*), and failure of a ≥ 3 consecutive month trial of at least ONE conventional disease-modifying antirheumatic drug [DMARD] (e.g., sulfasalazine, leflunomide, hydroxychloroquine) at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 6. Documentation of one of the following baseline assessment scores (a or b):
 - a. Clinical disease activity index (CDAI) score (*see Appendix H*);
 - b. Routine assessment of patient index data 3 (RAPID3) score (see Appendix I);
- 7. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);
- 8. Dose does not exceed 40 mg every other week.

Approval duration: 6 months

H. Ulcerative Colitis (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of UC;
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist;
- 3. Request is for Humira®
- 4. Age \geq 5 years;
- 5. Documentation of a Mayo Score \geq 6 (*see Appendix F*);
- 6. Failure of an 8-week trial of systemic corticosteroids, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 7. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);
- 8. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a, b, or c):
 - a. For adults: 160 mg on Day 1 and 80 mg on Day 15, followed by maintenance dose of 40 mg every other week starting Day 29.
 - b. For pediatric patients weighing more than 20 kg, but less than 40 kg: 80 mg on Day 1, 40 mg on Day 8 and Day 15, followed by maintenance doses of 40 mg every other week or 20 mg every week
 - c. For pediatric patients weighing more than 40 kg: 160 mg on Day 1 and 80 mg on Day 8 and 15, followed by maintenance doses of 80 mg every other week or 40 mg every week.

Approval duration: 6 months

- I. Uveitis (must meet all):
 - 1. Diagnosis of non-infectious intermediate, posterior or panuveitis;
 - 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an ophthalmologist or rheumatologist;



- 3. Age \geq 2 years;
- 4. Request is for Humira®
- 5. Failure of $a \ge 2$ week trial of a systemic corticosteroid (e.g., prednisone) at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 6. Failure of a trial of a non-biologic immunosuppressive therapy (e.g., azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate mofetil, cyclosporine, tacrolimus, cyclophosphamide, chlorambucil) at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;

7. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);

8. Dose does not exceed 80 mg initial dose, followed by maintenance dose of 40 mg every other week starting one week after initial dose.

Approval duration: 6 months

J. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

- 1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
 - a. For drugs on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the no coverage criteria policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.255 for Medicaid; or
 - b. For drugs NOT on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the non-formulary policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.16 for Medicaid; or
- 2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid

II. Continued Therapy

A. Rheumatoid Arthritis (must meet all):

- 1. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
- 2. Member is responding positively to therapy as evidenced by one of the following (a or b):
 - a. A decrease in CDAI (*see Appendix H*) or RAPID3 (*see Appendix I*) score from baseline;
 - b. Medical justification stating inability to conduct CDAI re-assessment, and submission of RAPID3 score associated with disease severity that is similar to initial CDAI assessment or improved;
- 3. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);



- 4. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):*
 - a. 40 mg every other week;
 - b. 40 mg every week and both of the following (i and ii):
 - i. Documentation supports inadequate response to $a \ge 3$ month trial of 40 mg every other week or member is not a candidate for concurrent methotrexate and Humira due to contraindications or intolerance;

Approval duration: 12 months*

*(*If new dosing regimen, approve for 6 months*)

B. All Other Indications in Section I (must meet all):

- 1. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
- 2. Member meets one of the following (a, b, or c):
 - a. For HS, at least a 25% reduction in inflammatory nodules and abscesses;
 - b. For pJIA, member is responding positively to therapy as evidenced by a decrease in cJADAS-10 from baseline (*see Appendix J*)
 - c. For all other indications: member is responding positively to therapy;
- 3. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);
- 4. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed one of the following (a, b, or c):
 - a. PJIA, PsA, AS, CD, PsO, UV: 40 mg every other week;
 - b. HS: 40 mg every week;
 - c. For UC, one of the following (i or ii)
 - i. 40 mg every other week or 20 mg every week;
 - ii. 80 mg every other week or 40 mg every week, and member initiated Humira prior to 18 years of age.

Approval duration: 12 months*

*(If new dosing regimen, approve for 6 months)

C. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

- 1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
 - a. For drugs on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the no coverage criteria policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.255 for Medicaid; or
 - b. For drugs NOT on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the non-formulary policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.16 for Medicaid; or
- 2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.



III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

 Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies – CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid or evidence of coverage documents;

Β. Combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) or potent immunosuppressants, including but not limited to any tumor necrosis factor (TNF) antagonists [e.g., Cimzia[®], Enbrel[®], Humira[®] and its biosimilars, Remicade[®] and its biosimilars (Avsola[™], Inflectra[™], Renflexis[™], Zymfentra[®]), Simponi[®]], interleukin agents [e.g., Actemra[®] (IL-6RA), Arcalyst[®] (IL-1 blocker), Bimzelx[®] (IL-17A and F antagonist), Cosentyx[®] (IL-17A inhibitor), Ilaris[®] (IL-1 blocker), Ilumya[™] (IL-23 inhibitor), Kevzara[®] (IL-6RA), Kineret[®] (IL-1RA), Omvoh[™] (IL-23 antagonist), Siliq[™] (IL-17RA), Skyrizi[™] (IL-23 inhibitor), Stelara[®] (IL-12/23 inhibitor), Taltz[®] (IL-17A inhibitor), Tofidence[™] (IL-6), Tremfya[®] (IL-23 inhibitor), Tyenne[®] (IL-6), Wezlana[™] (IL-12/23 inhibitor)], Janus kinase inhibitors (JAKi) [e.g., Cibinqo[™], Olumiant[™], Rinvoq[™], Xeljanz[®]/Xeljanz[®] XR,], anti-CD20 monoclonal antibodies [Rituxan[®] and its biosimilars (Riabni[™], Ruxience[™], Truxima[®]), Rituxan Hycela[®]], selective co-stimulation modulators [Orencia[®]], integrin receptor antagonists [Entyvio[®]], tyrosine kinase 2 inhibitors [Sotyktu[™]], and sphingosine 1-phosphate receptor modulator [Velsipity[™]] because of the additive immunosuppression, increased risk of neutropenia, as well as increased risk of serious infections.

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key
6-MP: 6-mercaptopurine
AS: ankylosing spondylitis
CD: Crohn's disease
CDAI: clinical disease activity index
cJADAS: clinical juvenile arthritis disease activity score
DMARD: disease-modifying antirheumatic drug
FDA: Food and Drug Administration
GI: gastrointestinal

RAPID3: routine assessment of patient index data 3 TNF: tumor necrosis factor HS: hidradenitis suppurative
MTX: methotrexate
NSAIDs: nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs
PJIA: polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis
PsA: psoriatic arthritis
PsO: psoriasis
RA: rheumatoid arthritis

UC: ulcerative colitis UV: uveitis

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/
		Maximum Dose



acitretin (Soriatane [®])	PsO, HS 25 or 50 mg PO QD	50 mg/day
azathioprine (Azasan [®] , Imuran [®])	RA 1 mg/kg/day PO QD or divided BID	2.5 mg/kg/day
	CD*, UV* 1.5 – 2 mg/kg/day PO	
chlorambucil (Leukeran [®])	UV* 0.2 mg/kg PO QD, then taper to 0.1 mg/kg PO QD or less	0.2 mg/kg/day
clindamycin (Cleocin [®]) + rifampin (Rifadin [®])	HS* clindamycin 300 mg PO BID and rifampin 300 mg PO BID	clindamycin: 1,800 mg/day rifampin: 600 mg/day
corticosteroids	CD* prednisone 40 mg PO QD for 2 weeks or IV 50 – 100 mg Q6H for 1 week budesonide (Entocort EC [®]) 6 – 9 mg PO QD UV* prednisone 5 – 60 mg/day PO in 1 – 4 divided doses	Various
Cuprimine [®] (d-penicillamine)	RA* Initial dose: 125 or 250 mg PO QD Maintenance dose: 500 – 750 mg/day PO QD	1,500 mg/day
cyclophosphamide (Cytoxan [®])	UV* 1 – 2 mg/kg/day PO	N/A
cyclosporine (Sandimmune [®] , Neoral [®])	PsO 2.5 mg/kg/day PO divided BID	PsO, RA: 4 mg/kg/day
,	RA 2.5 – 4 mg/kg/day PO divided BID	UV: 5 mg/kg/day

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
	UV* 2.5 – 5 mg/kg/day PO in divided doses	
doxycycline (Acticlate [®])	HS* 50 – 100 mg PO BID	300 mg/day



Hormonal agents	HS	varies
(e.g., estrogen-	varies	Valles
containing combined	varies	
-		
oral contraceptives,		
spironolactone)	D 4 #	(00 /1
hydroxychloroquine	RA*	600 mg/day
(Plaquenil [®])	Initial dose:	
	400 – 600 mg/day PO QD	
	Maintenance dose:	
	200 – 400 mg/day PO QD	
Isotretinoin (Absorica [®] ,	HS	varies
Amnesteem [®] ,	varies	1.6 to 2 mg/kg/day
Claravis [®] , Myorisan [®] ,		
Zenatane [®])		
leflunomide (Arava [®])	PJIA*	20 mg/day
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Weight < 20 kg: 10 mg every other day	0,
	PO	
	Weight 20 - 40 kg: 10 mg/day PO	
	Weight > 40 kg: 20 mg/day PO	
	Weight > 40 kg. 20 mg/day 1 O	
	RA	
	100 mg PO QD for 3 days, then 20 mg	
	PO QD	
6 margantanuring	CD*	2 ma/ka/day
6-mercaptopurine (Purixan [®])	-	2 mg/kg/day
, ,	50 mg PO QD or 1 – 2 mg/kg/day PO	20 / 1
methotrexate	CD*	30 mg/week
(Rheumatrex [®])	15 - 25 mg/week IM or SC	
	PsO	
	10-25 mg/week PO or 2.5 mg PO Q12	
	hr for 3 doses/week	
	PJIA*	
	$10 - 20 \text{ mg/m}^2$ /week PO, SC, or IM	
	RA	
	7.5 mg/week PO, SC, or IM or 2.5 mg	
	PO Q12 hr for 3 doses/week	
	-	
	UV*	



Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/
	7.5 20 m s /sec als DO	Maximum Dose
	7.5 – 20 mg/week PO	200
minocycline (Minocin [®])	HS*	200 mg/day
	50 – 100 mg PO BID UV*	2 a/day
mycophenolate mofetil		3 g/day
(Cellcept [®])	500 – 1,000 mg PO BID	Venier
NSAIDs (e.g.,	AS	Varies
indomethacin,	Varies	
ibuprofen, naproxen, celecoxib)		
Pentasa [®] (mesalamine)	СD	1 a/day
Pentasa" (mesarannne)	1,000 mg PO QID	4 g/day
Ridaura [®]	RA	0 ma/day (2 ma TID)
		9 mg/day (3 mg TID)
(auranofin)	6 mg PO QD or 3 mg PO BID	
sulfasalazine	PJIA*	DILA, 2 a/day
(Azulfidine [®])	30-50 mg/kg/day PO divided BID	PJIA: 2 g/day
		RA: 3 g/day
	RA	
	2 g/day PO in divided doses	UC: 4 g/day
tacrolimus (Prograf [®])	CD*	N/A
	0.27 mg/kg/day PO in divided doses or	
	0.15 – 0.29 mg/kg/day PO	
	UV*	
	0.1-0.15 mg/kg/day PO	
Actemra®	RA	IV: 800 mg every 4
(tocilizumab)	IV: 4 mg/kg every 4 weeks followed	weeks
	by an increase to 8 mg/kg every 4	SC: 162 mg every
	weeks based on clinical response	week
	SC:	
	Weight < 100 kg: 162 mg SC every	
	other week, followed by an increase	
	to every week based on clinical	
	response Weight? 100 kg: 162 mg	
	SC every week	
Enbrel [®] (etanercept)	AS	50 mg/week
	50 mg SC once weekly	-
	PJIA	
	Weight < 63 kg: 0.8 mg/kg SC once	
	weekly	
	Weight ? 63 kg: 50 mg SC once weekly	
	Dage 12 of 26	



Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
		Maximum Dose
	PsA, RA	
	25 mg SC twice weekly or 50 mg SC	
	once weekly	
Cimzia®	AS	400 mg every 4
(certolizumab)	Initial dose: 400 mg SC at 0, 2, and 4	weeks
	weeks	
	Maintenance dose: 200 mg SC every	
	other week (or 400 mg SC every 4	
	weeks)	
Kevzara [®]	RA	200 mg/2 weeks
(sarilumab)	200 mg SC once every two weeks	200 mg/2
. ,		
Otezla®	PsA	60 mg/day
(apremilast)	Initial dose:	
	Day 1: 10 mg PO QAM	
	Day 2: 10 mg PO QAM and 10 mg PO	
	QPM S	
	Day 3: 10 mg PO QAM and 20 mg PO	
	QPM	
	Day 4: 20 mg PO QAM and 20 mg PO	
	QPM	
	Day 5: 20 mg PO QAM and 30 mg PO	
	QPM	
	Maintenance dose:	
	Day 6 and thereafter: 30 mg PO BID	
Taltz [®]	AS, PsA	80 mg every 4 weeks
(ixekizumab)	Initial dose: 160 mg (two 80 mg	
(injections) SC at week 0	
	Maintenance dose:	
	80 mg SC every 4 weeks	
	PsO	
	Initial dose:	
		4
	160 mg (two 80 mg injections) SC at	
	week 0, then 80 mg SC at weeks 2, 4, 6,	
	8, 10, and 12	
	Maintenance dose:	1
		-
	80 mg SC every 4 weeks	
Xeljanz [®]		PsA, RA



Xeljanz XR [®]	PsA, RA	PsA,RA
(tofacitinib extended-	11 mg PO QD	11 mg/day
release)		

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name[®] (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name[®]) when the drug is available by both brand and generic. *Off-label

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s): none reported
- Boxed warning(s):
 - Serious infections
 - Malignancy

Appendix D: General Information

- Definition of failure of MTX or DMARDs
 - Child-bearing age is not considered a contraindication for use of MTX. Each drug has risks in pregnancy. An educated patient and family planning would allow use of MTX in patients who have no intention of immediate pregnancy.
 - Social use of alcohol is not considered a contraindication for use of MTX. MTX may
 only be contraindicated if patients choose to drink over 14 units of alcohol per week.
 However, excessive alcohol drinking can lead to worsening of the condition, so
 patients who are serious about clinical response to therapy should refrain from
 excessive alcohol consumption.
- Examples of positive response to therapy may include, but are not limited to:
 - Reduction in joint pain/swelling/tenderness
 - Improvement in ESR/CRP levels
 - Improvements in activities of daily living
- Hidradenitis suppurativa:
 - HS is sometimes referred to as: "acne inversa, acne conglobata, apocrine acne, apocrinitis, Fox-den disease, hidradenitis axillaris, HS, pyodermia sinifica fistulans, Velpeau's disease, and Verneuil's disease."
 - In HS, Hurley stages are used to determine severity of disease. Hurley stage II indicates moderate disease, and is characterized by recurrent abscesses, with sinus tracts and scarring, presenting as single or multiple widely separated lesions. Hurley stage III indicates severe disease, and is characterized by diffuse or near-diffuse involvement presenting as multiple interconnected tracts and abscesses across an entire area.
- Ulcerative colitis: there is insufficient evidence to support the off-label weekly dosing of Humira for the treatment of moderate-to-severe UC. It is the position of Centene Corporation[®] that the off-label weekly dosing of Humira for the treatment of moderate-to-severe UC is investigational and not medically necessary at this time.
 - The evidence from the *post hoc* study of the Humira pivotal trial suggests further studies are needed to confirm the benefit of weekly Humira dosing for the treatment of UC in patients with inadequate or loss of therapeutic response to treatment with Humira every other week. No large, randomized or prospective studies have been published to support the efficacy of the higher frequency of dosing, while national and international treatment guidelines also do not strongly support dose escalation of



Humira for UC. The current market consensus is that weekly dosing of Humira is not medically necessary due to lack of evidence to support its benefit.

Appendix E: Immunomodulator Medical Justification

- The following may be considered for medical justification supporting inability to use an immunomodulator for Crohn's disease:
 - Inability to induce short-term symptomatic remission with a 3-month trial of systemic glucocorticoids
 - High-risk factors for intestinal complications may include:
 - Initial extensive ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal GI involvement
 - Initial extensive perianal/severe rectal disease
 - Fistulizing disease (e.g., perianal, enterocutaneous, and rectovaginal fistulas)
 - Deep ulcerations
 - Penetrating, stricturing or stenosis disease and/or phenotype
 - Intestinal obstruction or abscess
 - High risk factors for postoperative recurrence may include:
 - Less than 10 years duration between time of diagnosis and surgery
 - Disease location in the ileum and colon
 - Perianal fistula
 - Prior history of surgical resection
 - Use of corticosteroids prior to surgery

Appendix F: Mayo Score

• Mayo Score: evaluates ulcerative colitis stage, based on four parameters: stool frequency, rectal bleeding, endoscopic evaluation and Physician's global assessment. Each parameter of the score ranges from zero (normal or inactive disease) to 3 (severe activity) with an overall score of 12.

Score	Decoding
0-2	Remission
3-5	Mild activity
6-10	Moderate activity
>10	Severe activity

- The following may be considered for medical justification supporting inability to use an immunomodulator for ulcerative colitis:
 - Documentation of Mayo Score 6 12 indicative of moderate to severe ulcerative colitis.

Appendix G: The 2010 ACR Classification Criteria for RA

Add score of categories A through D; a score of ≥ 6 out of 10 is needed for classification of a patient as having definite RA.

Α	Joint involvement	Score
	1 large joint	0
	2-10 large joints	1
	1-3 small joints (with or without involvement of large joints)	2
	4-10 small joints (with or without involvement of large joints)	3
	> 10 joints (at least one small joint)	5



B	Serology (at least one test result is needed for classification)	
	Negative rheumatoid factor (RF) and negative anti-citrullinated protein	0
	antibody (ACPA)	
	Low positive RF or low positive ACPA	2
	* Low: < 3 x upper limit of normal	
	High positive RF or high positive ACPA	3
	* High: $\geq 3 x$ upper limit of normal	
C	Acute phase reactants (at least one test result is needed for classification)	
	Normal C-reactive protein (CRP) and normal erythrocyte sedimentation	0
	Normal & Teachive protein (CTA') and normal ergunoegie seamentation	0
	rate (ESR)	0
		1
D	rate (ESR)	1
D	rate (ESR) Abnormal CRP or abnormal ESR	0 1 0

Appendix H: Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score

The Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) is a composite index for assessing disease activity in RA. CDAI is based on the simple summation of the count of swollen/tender joint count of 28 joints along with patient and physician global assessment on VAS (0–10 cm) Scale for estimating disease activity. The CDAI score ranges from 0 to 76.

CDAI Score	Disease state interpretation
< 2.8	Remission
>2.8 to \leq 10	Low disease activity
$> 10 \text{ to } \le 22$	Moderate disease activity
> 22	High disease activity

Appendix I: Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) Score

The Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) is a pooled index of the three patient-reported ACR core data set measures: function, pain, and patient global estimate of status. Each of the individual measures is scored 0 - 10, and the maximum achievable score is 30.

RAPID3 ScoreDisease state interpretation		
< 3	Remission	
3.1 to 6	Low disease activity	
6.1 to 12	Moderate disease activity	
> 12	High disease activity	

Appendix J: Clinical Juvenile Arthritis Disease Activity Score based on 10 joints (cJADAS-10)

The cJADAS10 is a continuous disease activity score specific to JIA and consisting of the following three parameters totaling a maximum of 30 points:

- Physician's global assessment of disease activity measured on a 0-10 visual analog scale (VAS), where 0 = no activity and 10 = maximum activity;
- Parent global assessment of well-being measured on a 0-10 VAS, where 0 = very well and 10 = very poor;



• Count of joints with active disease to a maximum count of 10 active joints*

*ACR definition of active joint: presence of swelling (not due to currently inactive synovitis or to bony enlargement) or, if swelling is not present, limitation of motion accompanied by pain, tenderness, or both

cJADAS-10	Disease state interpretation	
≤ 1	Inactive disease	
1.1 to 2.5	Low disease activity	
2.51 to 8.5	Moderate disease activity	
> 8.5	High disease activity	

V. Dosage and Administration

Drug Name	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum
	DA		Dose
Adalimumab (Humira,	RA	40 mg SC every other week	40 mg/week
Abrilada,		Some patients with RA not receiving	
Amjevita,		concomitant methotrexate may benefit	
Cyltezo,		from increasing the frequency to 40 mg	
Hadlima,		every week or 80 mg every other week.	
Hulio,	PJIA	Humira, Abrilada, Amjevita, Cyltezo,	40 mg every
Hyrimoz,		Hadlima, Hyrimoz:	other week
Idacio,		Weight 10 kg (22 lbs) to < 15 kg (33 lbs):	
Yuflyma,		10 mg SC every other week	
Yusimry)			
		Humira, Abrilada, Amjevita, Cyltezo,	
		Hadlima, Hulio:	
		Weight 15 kg (33 lbs) to < 30 kg (66 lbs):	
		20 mg SC every other week	
		Humira, Abrilada, Amjevita, Cyltezo,	
		Hadlima, Hulio, Hyrimoz, Idacio,	
		Yuflyma, Yusimry: Weight $\geq 20 \log (66 \ln 2) \cdot 40 \mod SC$ every	
		Weight \geq 30 kg (66 lbs): 40 mg SC every other week	
	PsA	40 mg SC every other week	40 mg every
	AS		other week
	CD	Initial dose:	40 mg every
	02	Adults: 160 mg SC on Day 1, then 80 mg	other week
		SC on Day 15	
		Pediatrics:	
		Humira, Abrilada, Amjevita, Cyltezo,	
		Hadlima, Hulio:	
		Weight 17 kg (37 lbs) to < 40 kg (88 lbs):	
		80 mg SC on Day 1, then 40 mg SC on	
		Day 15	



Drug Name	Drug Name Indication Dosing Regimen		Maximum Dose
		Humira, Abrilada, Amjevita, Cyltezo,	DOSC
		Hadlima, Hulio, Hyrimoz, Yuflyma,	
		Yusimry:	
		Weight \geq 40 kg (88 lbs): 160 mg SC on	
		Day 1, then 80 mg SC on Day 15	
		Maintenance dose:	
		<i>Adults:</i> 40 mg SC every other week starting on Day 29	
		Pediatrics:	
		Humira, Abrilada, Amjevita, Cyltezo,	
		Hadlima, Hulio:	
		Weight 17 kg (37 lbs) to < 40 kg (88 lbs):	
		20 mg SC every other week starting on	
		Day 29	
		Humira, Abrilada, Amjevita, Cyltezo, Hadlima, Hulio, Hyrimoz, Idacio,	
		Yuflyma, Yusimry:	
		Weight \geq 40 kg (88 lbs): 40 mg SC every	
		other week starting on Day 29	
	UC	Initial dose:	40 mg every
		Adults: 160 mg SC on Day 1, then 80 mg	week
		SC on Day 15	
		Maintenance dose:	
		Adults: 40 mg SC every other week	
		starting on Day 29	
	PsO	Initial dose:	40 mg every
		80 mg SC	other week
		Maintenance dose:	
		40 mg SC every other week starting one	
		week after initial dose	



Drug Name	Indication	Dosing Regimen		Maximum
0				Dose
Adalimumab (Humira)	Pediatric UC	Initial dose: Pediatrics:		80 mg every other week
		Weight	Days 1 through 15	or 40 mg
		20 kg to less	Day 1: 80 mg	every week
		than 40 kg	Day 8: 40 mg	
			Day 15: 40 mg	
		40 kg and	Day 1: 160 mg (single	
		greater	dose or split over two	
			consecutive days	
			Day 8: 80 mg	
			Day 15: 80 mg	
		Pediatrics:		
		Weight	Starting on Day 29*	
		20 kg to less	40 mg every other week	
		than 40 kg	or 20 mg every week	
		40 kg and	80 mg every other week	
		greater	or 40 mg every week	
			recommended pediatric	
		· ·	ents who turn 18 years of	
		U U	re well-controlled on	
		Humira regime	en.	
	UV	Pediatrics:		40 mg every
		0 0	22 lbs) to < 15 kg (33 lbs):	other week
		10 mg SC even		
			33 lbs) to < 30 kg (66 lbs):	
		20 mg SC even	•	
			g (66 lbs): 40 mg SC every	
		other week		
		Adults:		
			80 mg SC, followed by 40	
			ther week starting one	
		week after the	e	



Drug Name	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum
			Dose
Adalimumab	HS	Humira:	40 mg/week
(Humira,		For patients 12 years of age and older	
Amjevita,		weighing at least 30 kg:	
Cyltezo,		Initial dose:	
Hyrimoz,		Weight 30 kg (66 lbs) to < 60 kg (132	
Yuflyma,		lbs): 80 mg SC on Day 1, then 40 mg on	
Yusimry)		Day 8	
		Weight \geq 60 kg (132 lbs): 160 mg SC on	
		Day 1, then 80 mg SC on Day 15	
		Maintenance dose:	
		Weight 30 kg (66 lbs) to < 60 kg (132	
		lbs): 40 mg every other week	
		Weight \geq 60 kg (132 lbs): 40 mg SC	
		every week or 80 mg SC every other	
		week starting on Day 29	
		Amjevita, Cyltezo, Hyrimoz, Yuflyma,	
		Yusimry:	
		Initial dose:	
		Adults: 160 mg SC on day 1, then 80 mg	
		SC on Day 15	
		Maintenance dose:	
		Adults: 40 mg SC every week or 80 mg	
		SC every other week starting on Day 29	

VI. Product Availability

Drug Name	Availability		
Adalimumab	• Single-dose prefilled pen: 80 mg/0.8 mL, 40 mg/0.8 mL, 40 mg/0.4		
(Humira)	mL		
	• Single-dose prefilled syringe: 80 mg/0.8 mL, 40 mg/0.8 mL, 40		
	mg/0.4 mL, 20 mg/0.4 mL, 20 mg/0.2 mL, 10 mg/0.2 mL, 10 mg/0.1		
	mL		
	• Single-use vial for institutional use only: 40 mg/0.8 mL		
Adalimumab-afzb	• Single-dose prefilled pen (Abrilada Pen): 40 mg/0.8 mL		
(Abrilada)	• Single dose prefilled syringe: 40 mg/0.8 mL, 20 mg/0.4 mL, 10		
	mg/0.2 mL		
	• Single-dose glass vial for institutional use only: 40 mg/0.8 mL		



Drug Name	Availability
Adalimumab-atto	• Single-dose prefilled SureClick autoinjector: 40 mg/0.8 mL
(Amjevita)	• Single-dose prefilled syringe: 40 mg/0.8 mL, 20 mg/0.4 mL, 10
	mg/0.2 mL
Adalimumab- adbm (Cyltezo)	• Single-dose prefilled syringe: 40 mg/0.8 mL, 20 mg/0.4 mL, 10 mg/ 0.2 mL
	• Single-dose prefilled pen (Cyltezo Pen): 40 mg/0.8 mL
Adalimumab- bwwd (Hadlima)	• Single-dose prefilled autoinjector (Hadlima PushTouch): 40 mg/0.8 mL, 40 mg/0.4 mL (citrate-free)
	• Single-dose prefilled syringe: 40 mg/0.8 mL, 40 mg/0.4 mL (citrate-free)
	• Single-dose glass vial for institutional use only: 40 mg/0.8 mL
Adalimumab-fkjp	• Single-dose prefilled pen (Hulio Pen): 40 mg/0.8 mL
(Hulio)	• Single-dose prefilled syringe: 40 mg/0.8 mL, 20 mg/0.4 mL
Adalimumab-	• Single-dose prefilled glass syringe (with BD UltraSafe Passive [™]
adaz (Hyrimoz)	Needle Guard): 20 mg/0.4 mL, 40 mg/0.8 mL, 40 mg/0.4 mL, 80
	mg/0.8 mL
	• Single-dose prefilled pen (Sensoready [®] Pen): 40 mg/0.8 mL, 40 mg/0.4 mL, 80 mg/0.8 mL
	• Single-dose prefilled glass syringe: 10 mg/0.2 mL, 10 mg/0.1 mL, 20 mg/0.2 mL
Adalimumab-aacf	• Single-dose prefilled pen (Idacio Pen): 40 mg/0.8 mL
(Idacio)	• Single-dose prefilled glass syringe: 40 mg/0.8 mL
Adalimumab-aaty	• Single-dose prefilled auto-injector (Yuflyma AI): 40 mg/0.4 mL
(Yuflyma)	• Single-dose prefilled syringe with safety guard: 40 mg/0.4 mL
	• Single-dose prefilled syringe: 40 mg/0.4 mL
Adalimumab-	• Single-dose prefilled pen (Yusimry Pen): 40 mg/0.8 mL
aqvh (Yusimry)	• Single-dose prefilled glass syringe: 40 mg/0.8 mL

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Coding Implications

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-todate sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

HCPCS Codes	Description
J0135	Injection, adalimumab, 20 mg
J3590	Unclassified biologics
C9399	Unclassified drugs or biologicals
Q5131	Injection, adalimumab-aacf (idacio), biosimilar, 20 mg
Q5132	Injection, adalimumab-afzb (abrilada), biosimilar, 10 mg

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
Policy created, adapted from CP.PHAR.242	04.01.22	04.22
Policy retired- t/f criteria removed	12.22.22	
Policy readapted to align with HFS PDL due to February SDC adaptation of Amjevita; added biosimilar Idacio; added Humira as preferred product in Section I	02.20.23	
RT4: for Cyltezo, added new dosage form (single-dose prefilled pen 40 mg/0.8 mL) and single-dose prefilled syringe 10 mg/0.2 mL to policy; RT4: added Yuflyma biosimilar to policy. Added HCPCS codes [Q5131] and [C9399].	6.26.23	
2Q 2024 annual review: RT4: for Yuflyma, added newly approved UV indication to criteria; added HCPCS codes [C9399] and [J3590]; added Bimzelx, Zymfentra, Omvoh, Sotyktu, and Velsipity to section III.B; references reviewed and updated.	7.26.24	

Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. "Health Plan" means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan's affiliates, as applicable.



The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

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Note:

For Medicaid members, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

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